

Post-combustion CO₂ capture (PCC)

Graeme Puxty, CSIRO Energy Technology Marcel Maeder, University of Newcastle

ENERGY TECHNOLOGY www.csiro.au











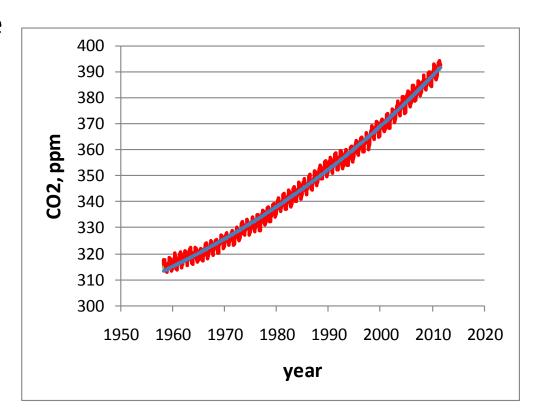
Introduction

- The greenhouse effect
- Sources of CO₂





- Over the last 50 years the concentration of CO₂ in the atmosphere has increased substantially.
- The red line shows the original data taken at Mauna Loa.
- The blue line is an exponential fit. Fitting allows extrapolation into the future and the past.

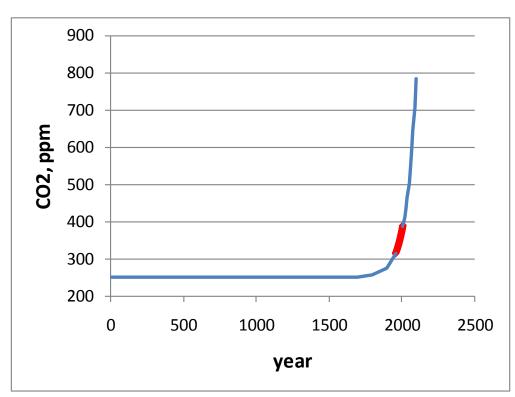








- Continuation the CO₂
 output along the present
 trend is completely out of
 question; CO₂ concentration
 of 800 ppm at the end or
 the century would result in
 dramatic climate chance.
- The validity of the approach is partially confirmed by the correct extrapolation into the past where the CO₂ concentration was about 250 ppm.









- Why should we worry?
- What are the consequences of increased CO₂ concentration in the atmosphere ?
- Why is it called 'Greenhouse effect'?







- The glass or plastic that forms the greenhouse is transparent to visible light. The light is absorbed in the inside by plants and soil and transformed into heat. The glass/foil is less transparent to the heat radiation, energy is trapped.
- If we add another layer of foil or replace with thicker foil the effect will be stronger and the temperature in the inside will rise.









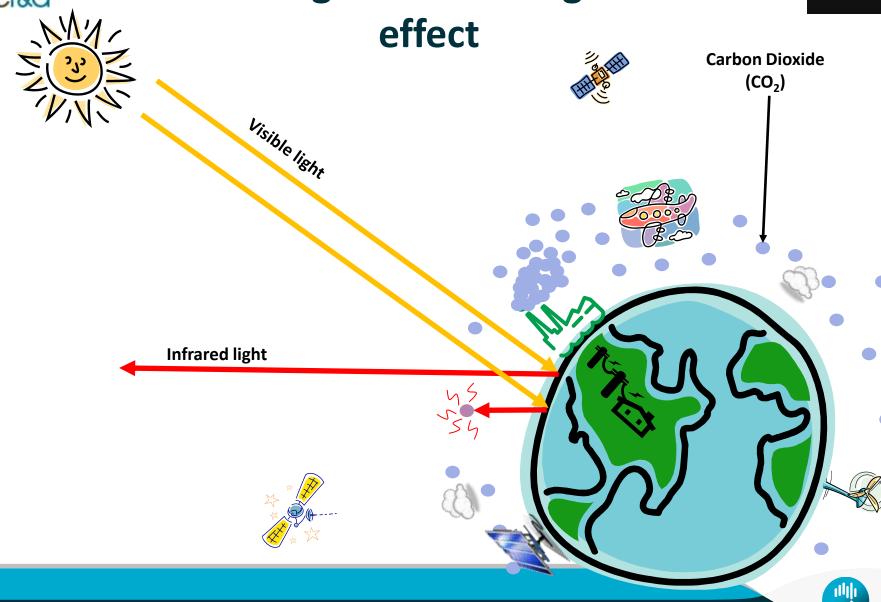
- CO₂ is a greenhouse gas, it is more transparent for visible light that for the heat radiation from the planet back into space.
- If we increase its concentration, the effect will be stronger and the temperature will increase. As a consequence the climate patterns on the planet will change.
- It is very difficult to *quantify* the expected increase in temperature as well as the climate changes. *Discussions are on-going*.



anlecr&d

Greenhouse gases and the greenhouse



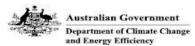




Sources of CO₂



- Australian sources of CO₂ are predominantly from stationary energy production, followed by transport and others.
- Combustion of coal is the main fossil fuel used for the power generation.
- If CO₂ should be captured the best option is at power stations where the concentration is relatively high.
- It would be much more difficult to capture CO₂ from cars



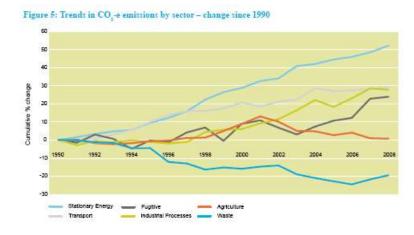
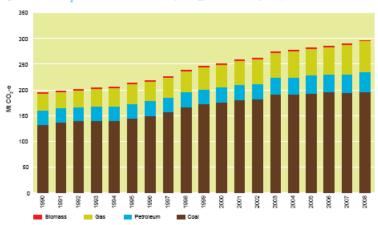


Figure 6: Total CO,-e emissions from stationary energy combustion by fuel, 1990-2008





Acknowledgements

The authors wish to acknowledge financial assistance provided through Australian National Low Emissions Coal Research and Development (ANLEC R&D). ANLEC R&D is supported by Australian Coal Association Low

Emissions Technology Limited and the Australian Government through the Clean Energy Initiative.

ENERGY TECHNOLOGY

www.csiro.au

